



Welcome to the JCZN Workshop!

.....Table of contents.....

一、 Introduction.....2

二、 Installing using Arduino IDE.....2

三、 sample program usage.....11



Getting Started

Introduction

The objective of this post is to explain how to upload an Arduino program to the JC4827W543 module, from JCZN .

<http://www.jczn1688.com/>

The ESP32 WiFi and Bluetooth chip is the latest generation of Espressif products. It has a dual-core 32-bit MCU, which integrates WiFi HT40 and Bluetooth/BLE 4.2 technology inside.

ESP32-S3-wroom-1 has a significant performance improvement. It is equipped with a high-performance dual-core Tensilica LX7 MCU. One core handles high speed connection and the other for standalone application development. The dual-core MCU has a 240 MHz frequency and a computing power of 600 DMIPS.

In addition, it supports Wi-Fi HT40, Classic Bluetooth/BLE 4.2, and more GPIO resources.

Installing using Arduino IDE

Programming the ESP32

An easy way to get started is by using the familiar Arduino IDE. While this is not necessarily the best environment for working with the ESP32, it has the advantage of being a familiar application, so the learning curve is flattened.

We will be using the Arduino IDE for our experiments.

1, Installing using Arduino IDE

we first need to install version 1.8.19 of the Arduino IDE (or greater),for example, the Arduino installation was in "C:/Programs(x86)/Arduino".

download release link:

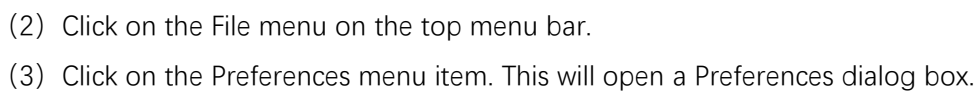
<https://downloads.arduino.cc/arduino-1.8.19-windows.exe>

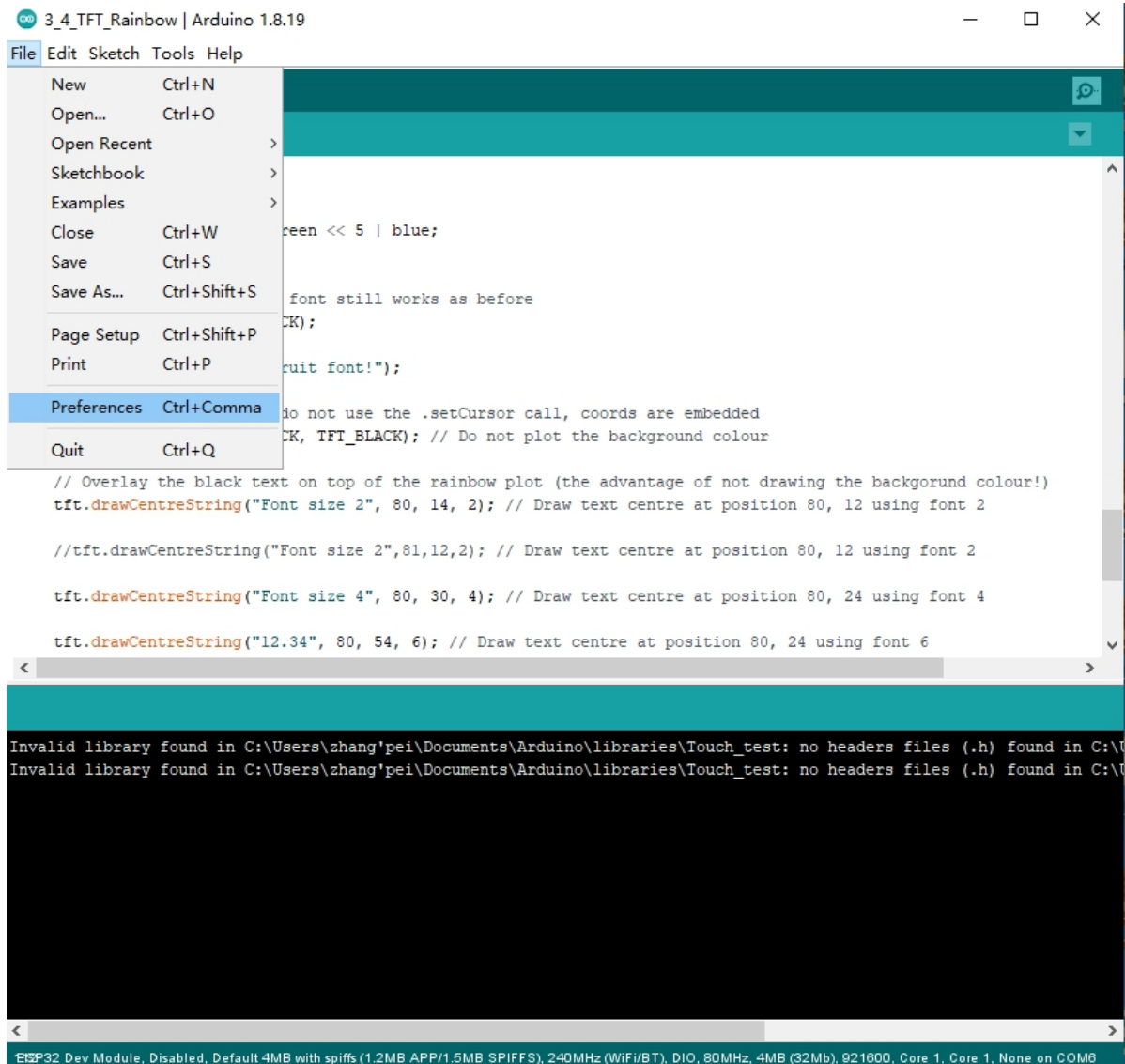
2, This is the way to install Arduino-ESP32 directly from the Arduino IDE.

Add Boards Manager Entry

Here is what you need to do to install the ESP32 boards into the Arduino IDE:

- (1) Open the Arduino IDE.





- (4) You should be on the Settings tab in the Preferences dialog box by default.
- (5) Look for the textbox labeled “Additional Boards Manager URLs”.
- (6) If there is already text in this box add a coma at the end of it, then follow the next step.
- (7) Paste the following link into the text box :

Stable release link:

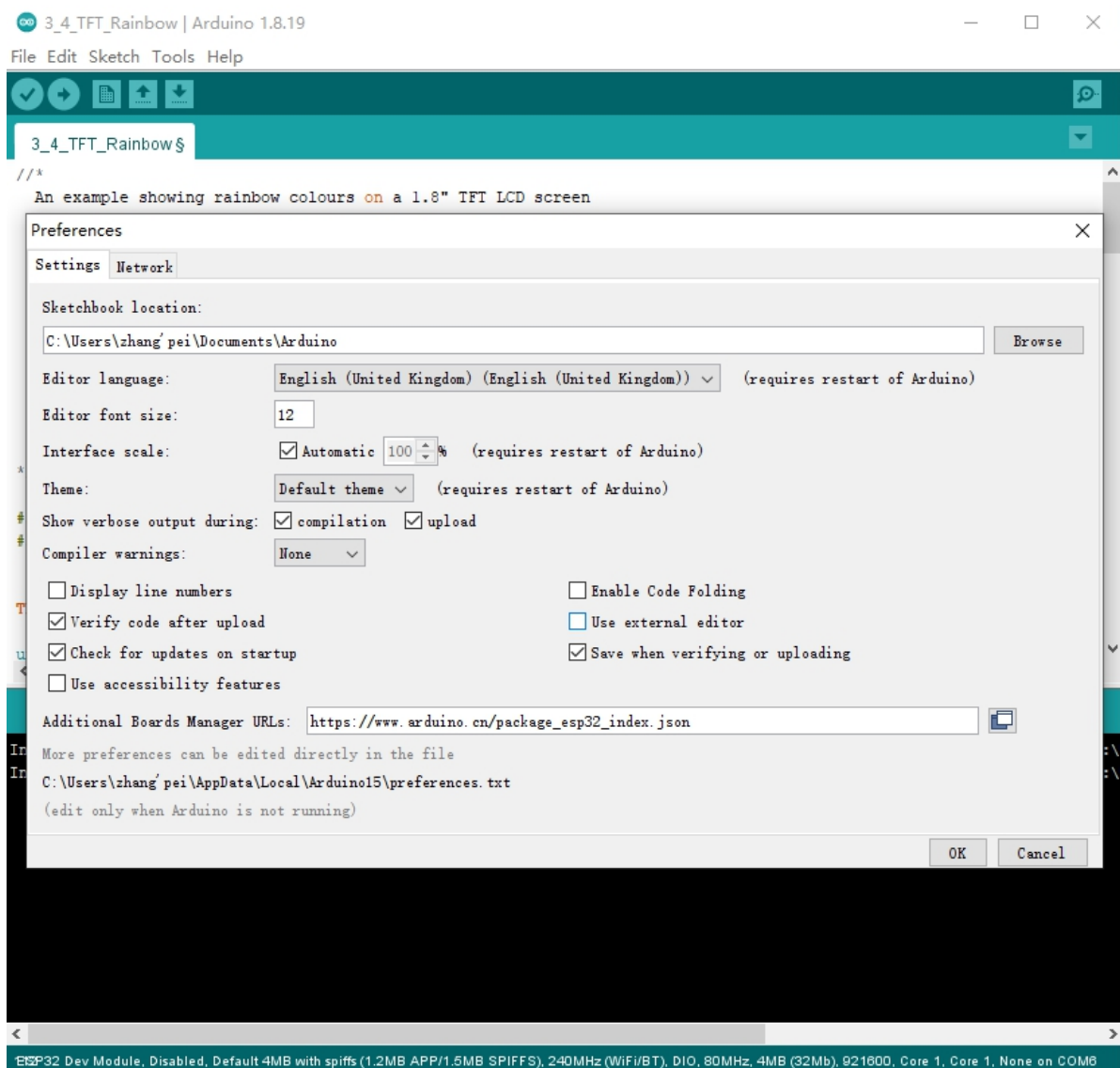
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/espressif/arduino-esp32/gh-pages/package_esp32_index.json

Development release link:

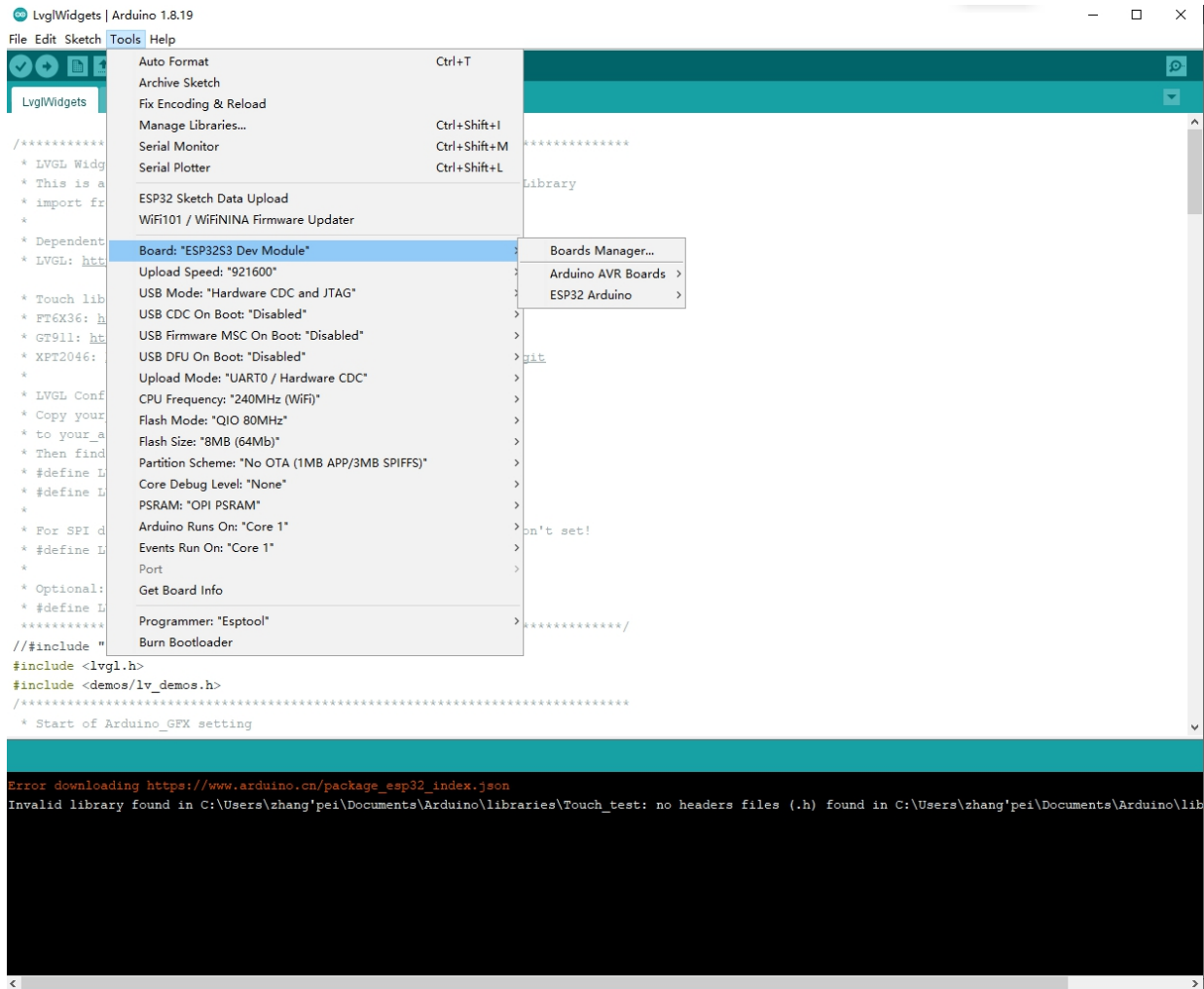
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/espressif/arduino-esp32/gh-pages/package_esp32_dev_index.json

- (8) Click the OK button to save the setting.

The textbox with the JSON link in it is illustrated here:

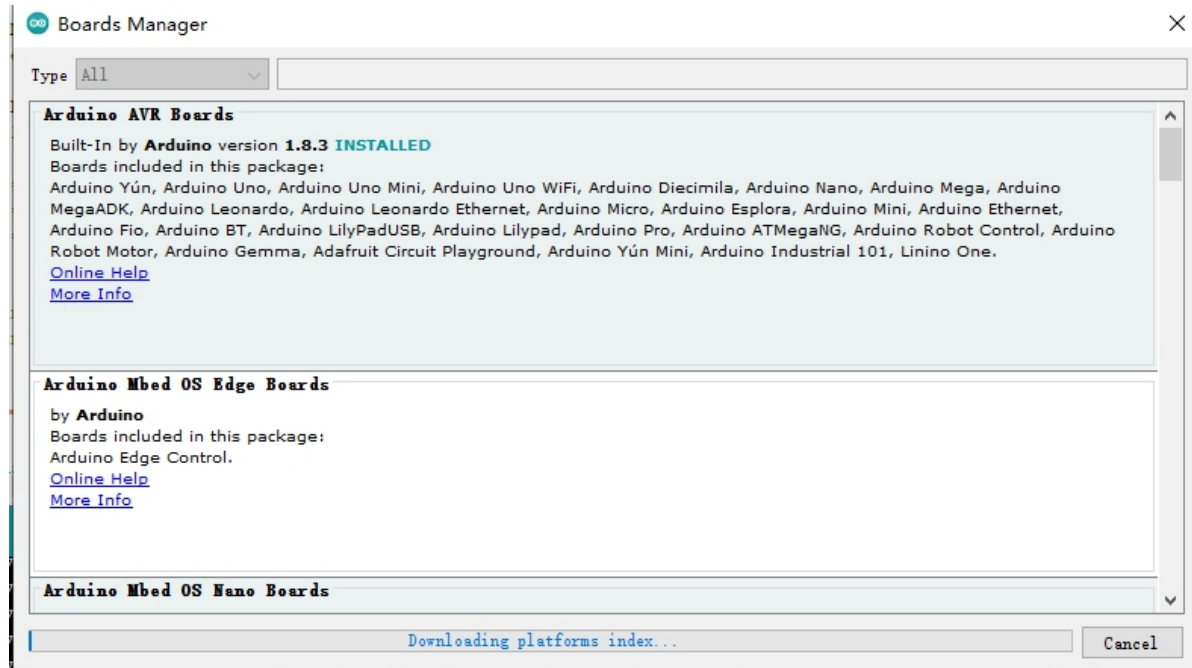


- (9) In the Arduino IDE click on the Tools menu on the top menu bar.
- (10) Scroll down to the Board: entry
- (11) A submenu will open when you highlight the Board: entry.
- (12) At the top of the submenu is Boards Manager. Click on it to open the Boards Manager dialog box.
- (13) In the search box in the Boards Manager enter "esp32".

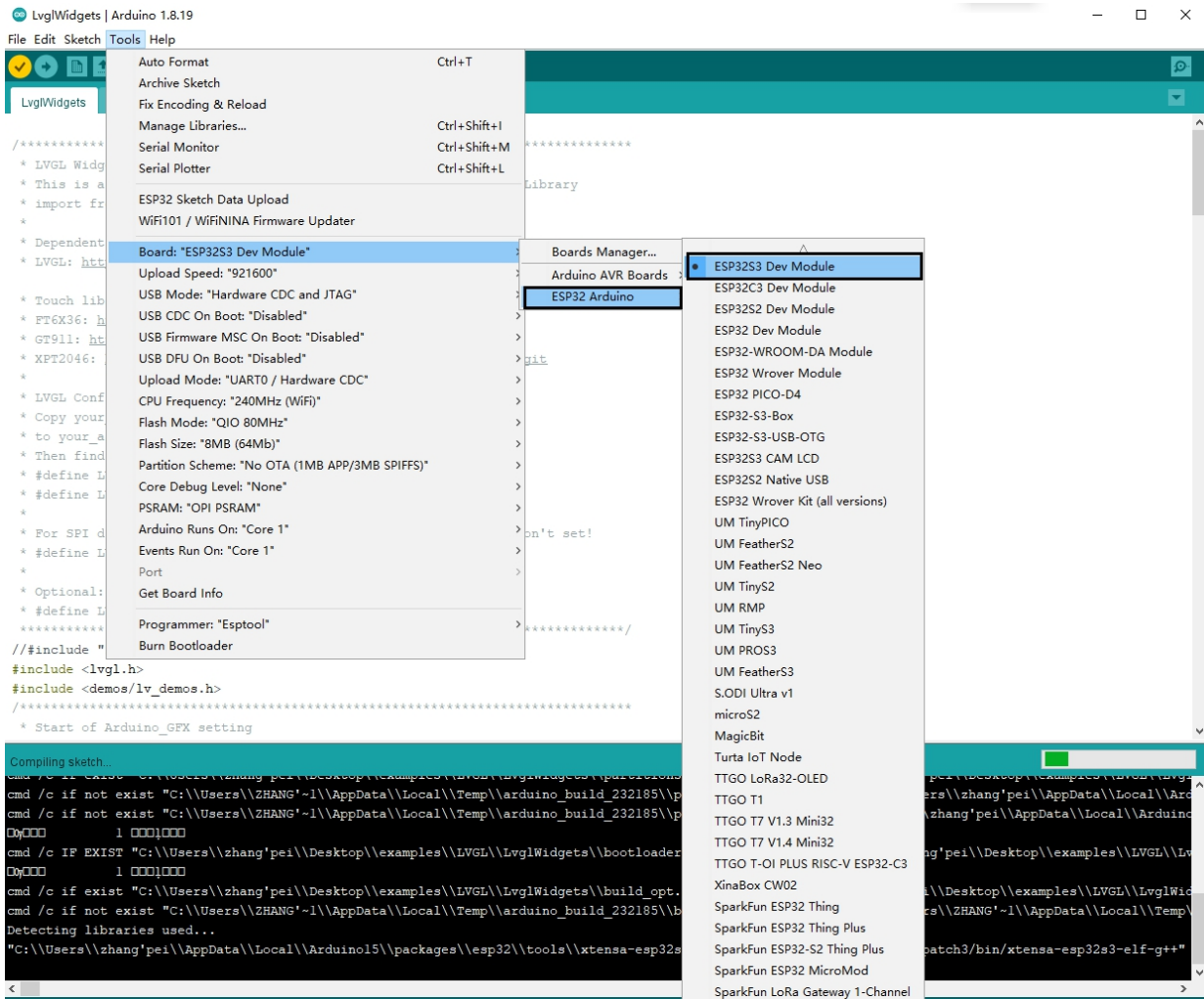


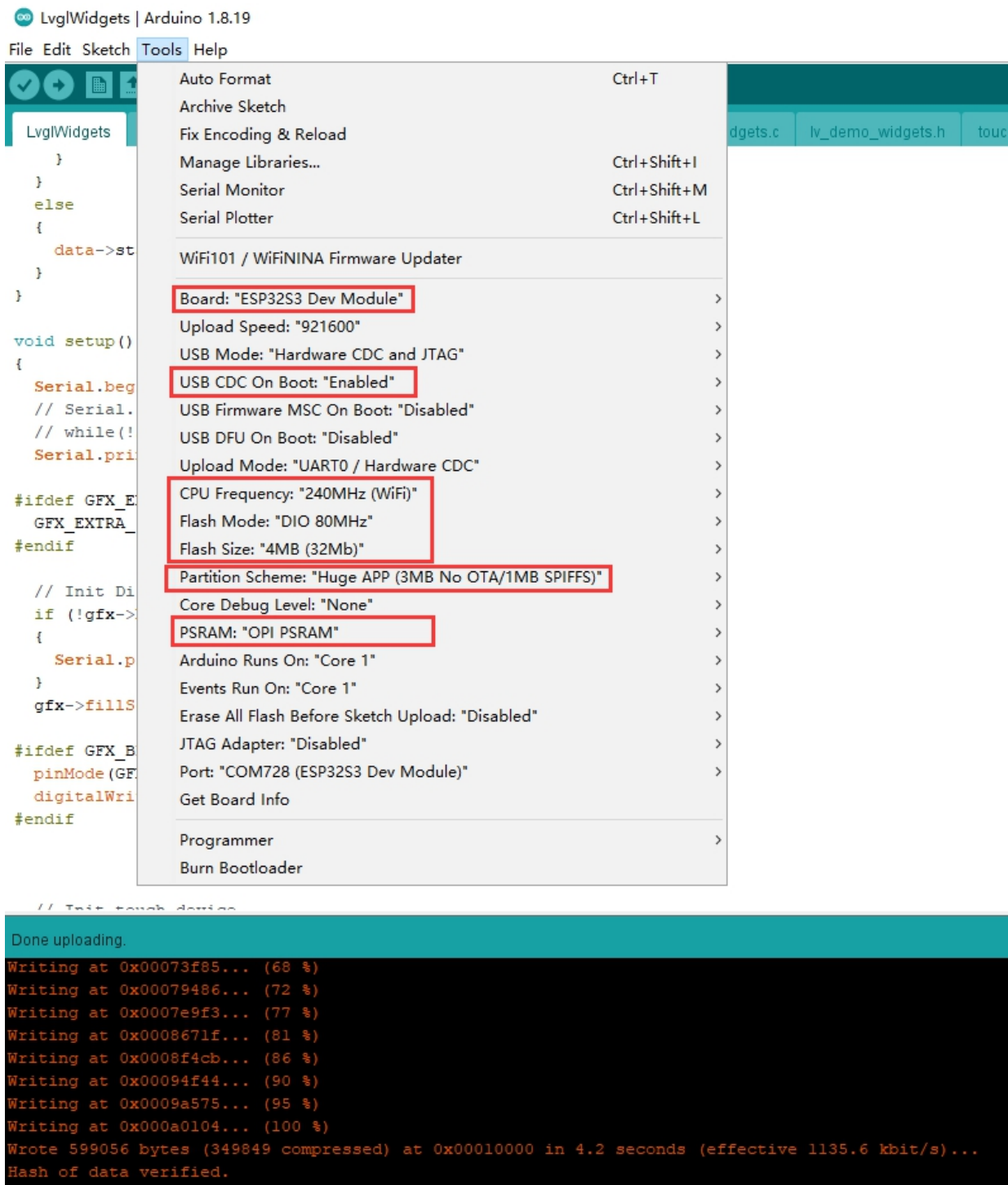
(14) You should see an entry for “esp32 by Espressif Systems”. Highlight this entry and click on the Install button.

This will install the ESP32 boards into your Arduino IDE

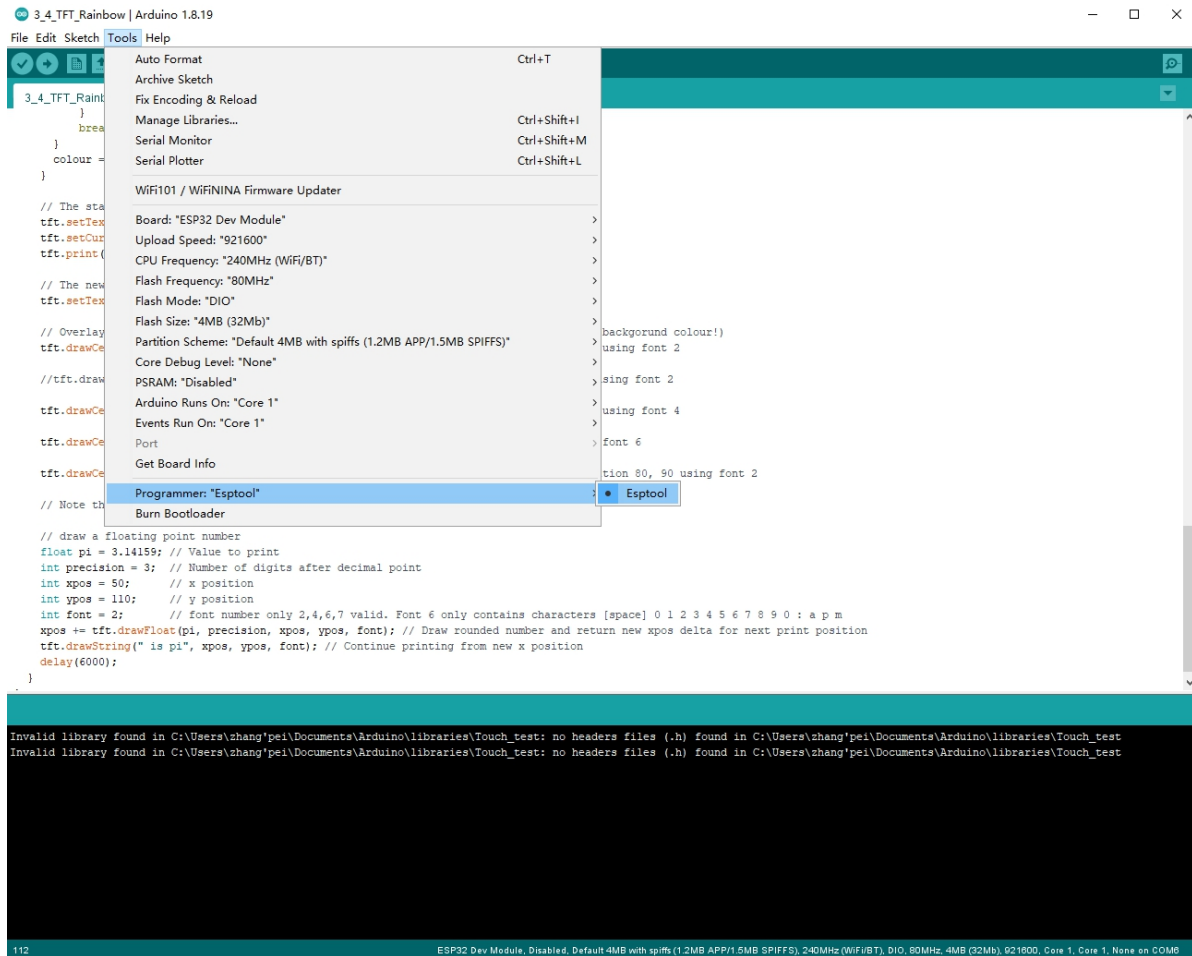


Once the installation completes, we need to select the correct board options for the "ESP32 Arduino" board. In the board type, in the tools tab, we choose "ESP32S3 Dev Module".





Set and In the programmer entry of the same tab, we choose "esptool".



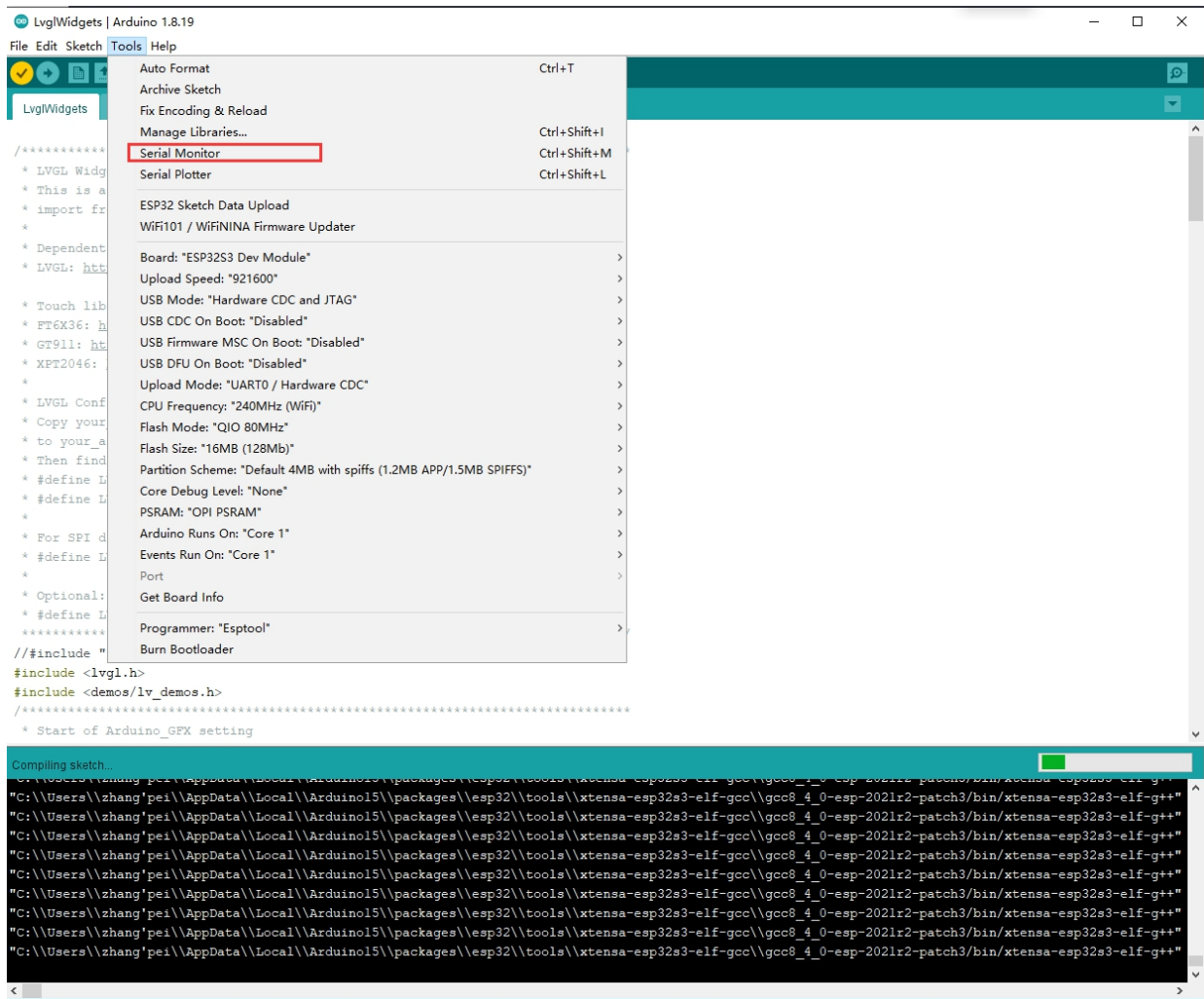
It's important to note that after the code is uploaded, the device will start to run it. So, if we want to upload a new program, we need to reset the power of the device, in order to guarantee that it enters flashing mode again.

First program

Since this platform is based on Arduino, we can use many of the usual functions. As an example for the first program, the code below starts the Serial port and prints "hello from ESP32" every second.

```
void setup() {  
    Serial.begin(115200);  
}  
  
void loop() {  
    Serial.println("hello from ESP32");  
    delay(1000);  
}
```

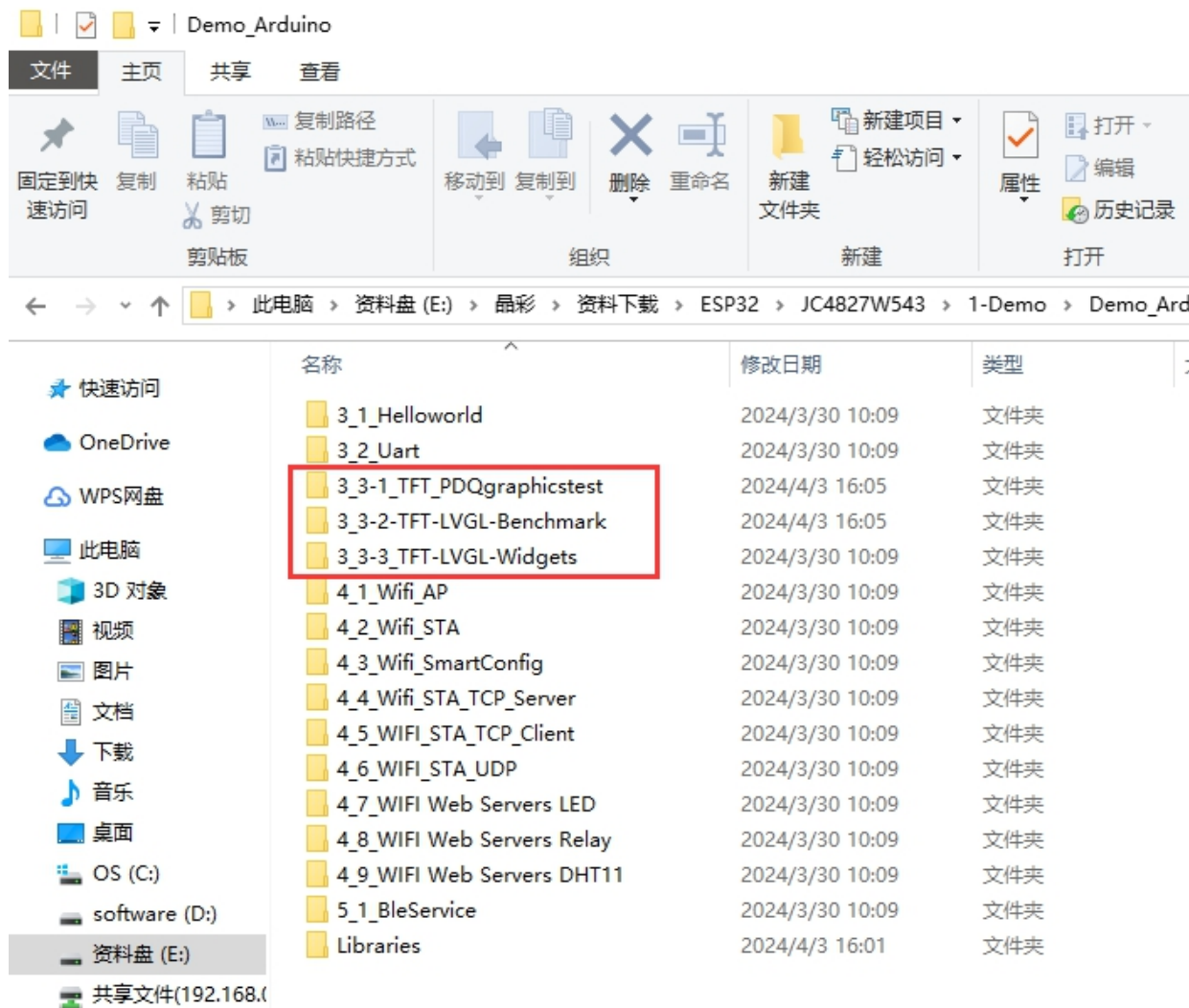
If everything is working fine, we will see the output in the serial console shown.



Again thank you for so much concern.. Hopefully, it's the beginning of a wonderful relationship!

Sample program usage

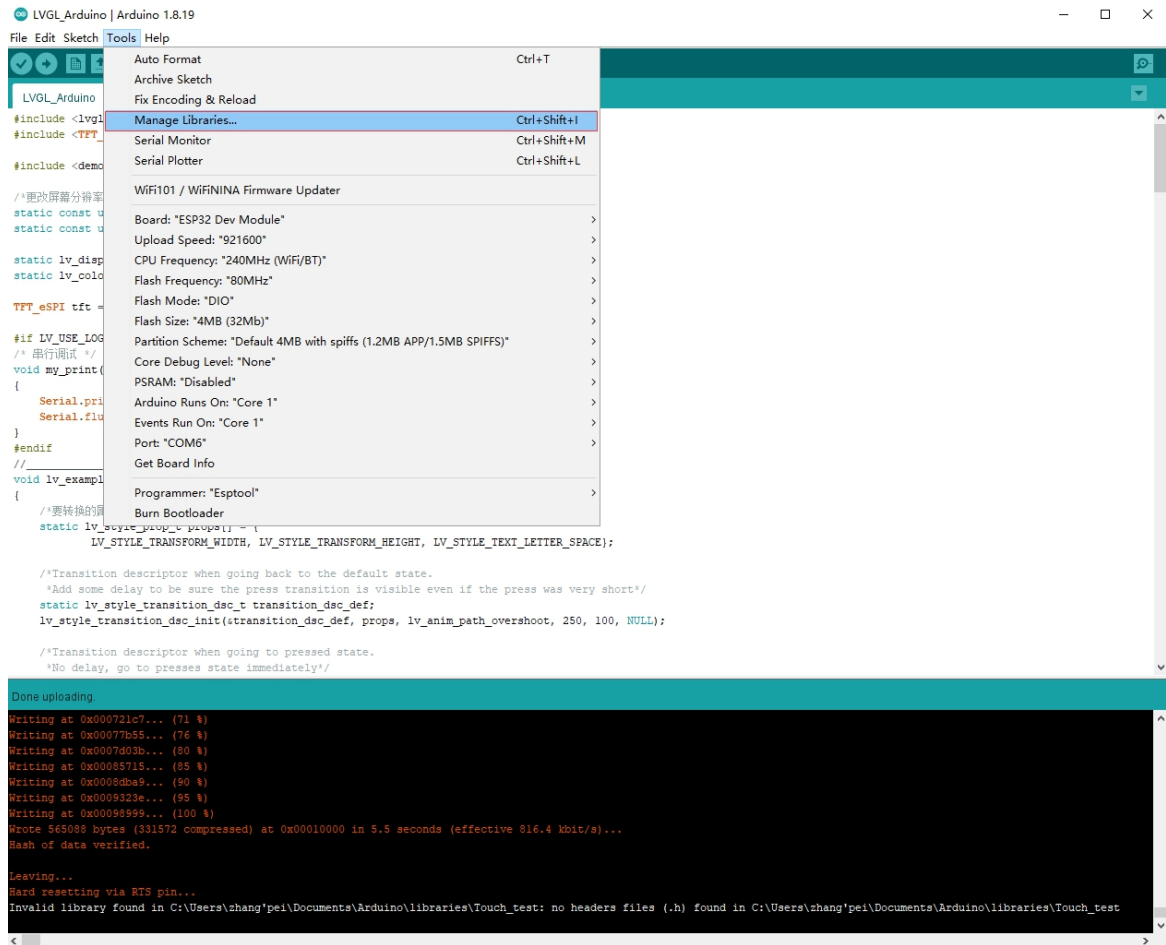
At present, only a preliminary explanation and introductory use are given to the samples displayed on the screen, and the corresponding examples in the data center are found, as shown in the figure:

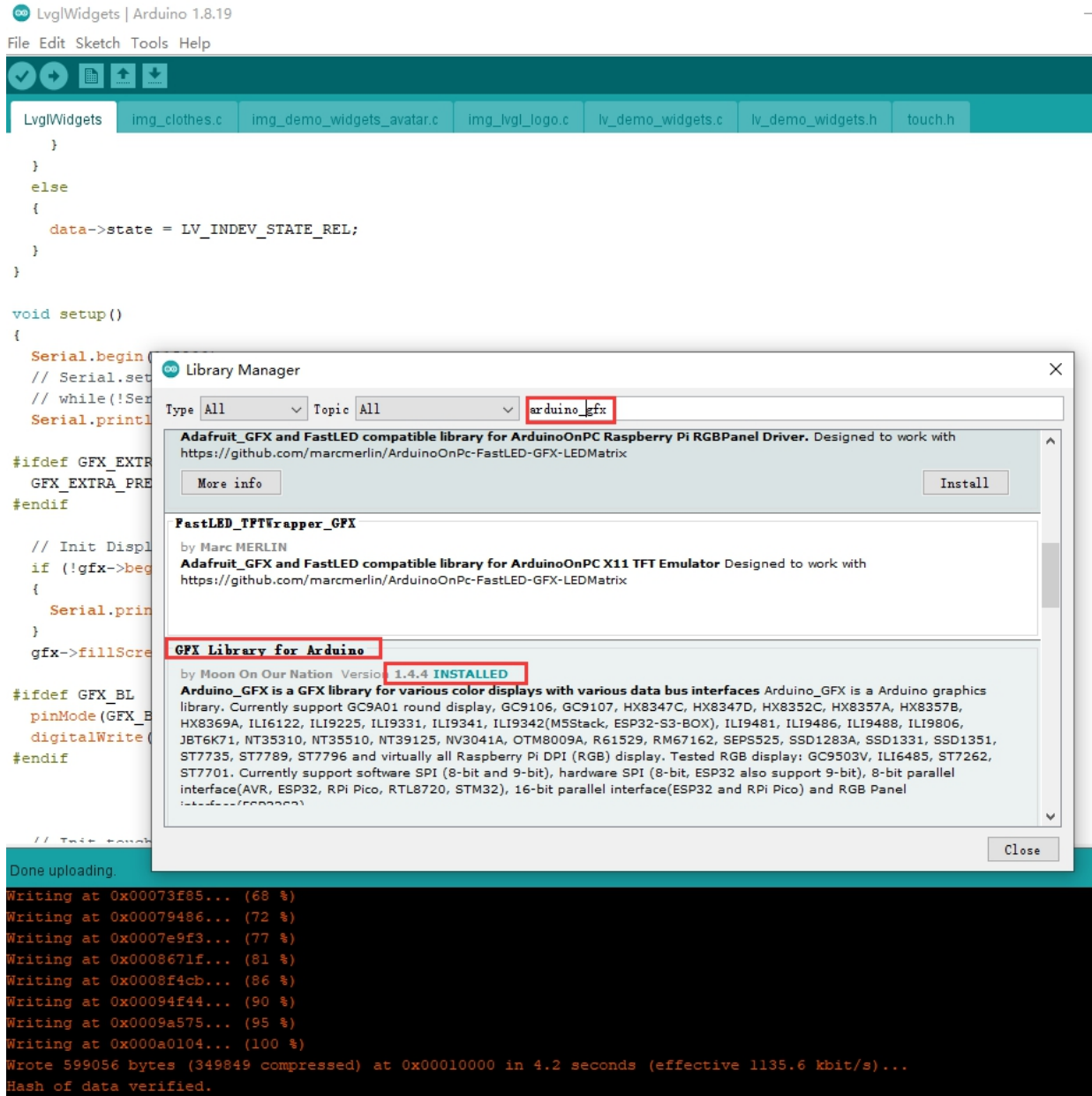


The examples in the red circle are all based on the Arduino_GFX library as the basic application. This library supports various commonly used driver chips, such as ST7735, ST7789, ILI9341, etc., and has good compatibility.

Arduino_GFX library file installation:

Open the library manager in Arduino, search for Arduino_GFX, and click instal .



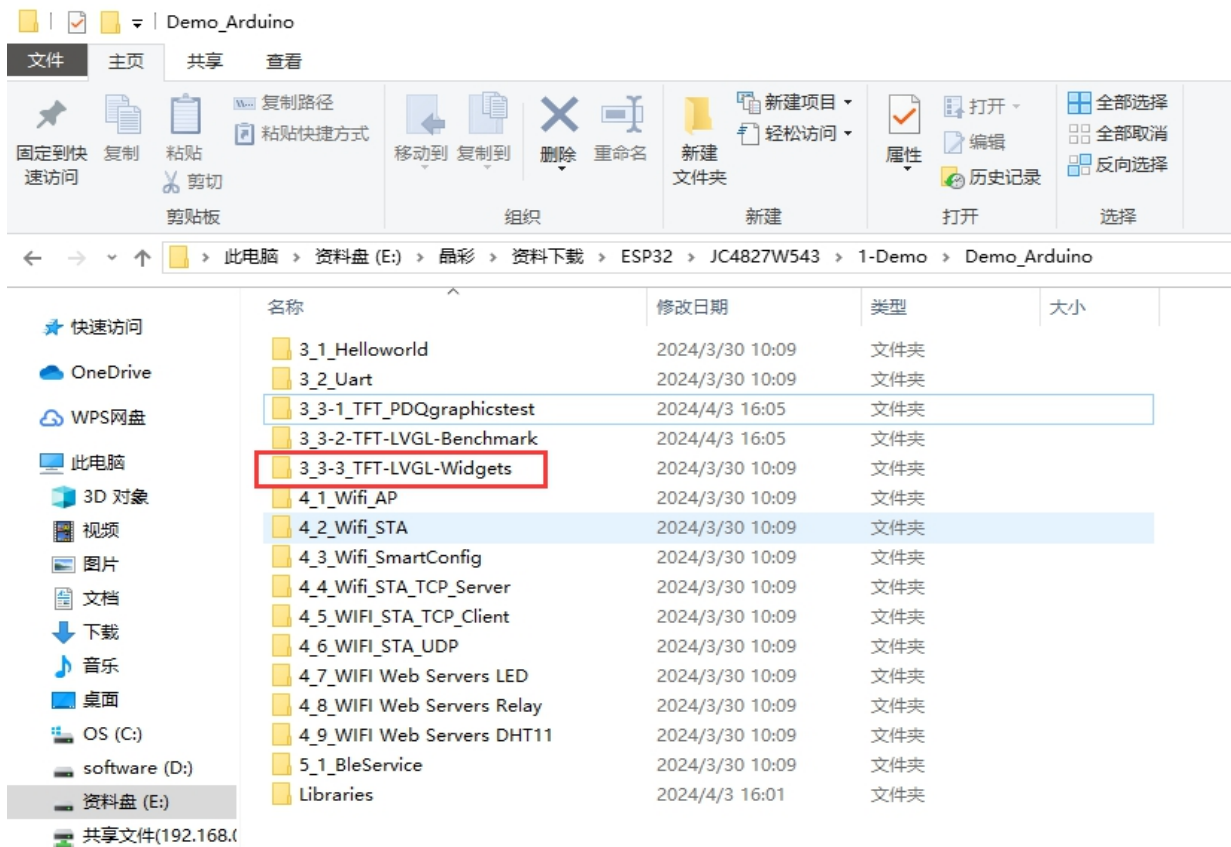


Although the Arduino_GFX library has many advantages, it may also have a troublesome place for ordinary users, that is, after the installation

About the use of touch and LVGL:

Find the data center 3_3-3_TFT-LVGL-Widgets

As shown:



Download two library files .

One -Arduino_GFX library



LvglWidgets | Arduino 1.8.19

File Edit Sketch Tools Help

✓ ↻ 📁 ⬆️ ⬇️

LvglWidgets img_clothes.c img_demo_widgets_avatar.c img_lvgl_logo.c lv_demo_widgets.c lv_demo_widgets.h touch.h

```
}  
}  
else  
{  
    data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_REL;  
}  
}  
  
void setup()  
{  
    Serial.begin(115200);  
    // Serial.setDebugOutput(true);  
    // while(!Serial) continue;  
    Serial.println("Hello World!");  
  
#ifdef GFX_EXTRA_INCLUDES  
#include GFX_EXTRA_INCLUDES  
#endif  
  
// Init Display  
if (!gfx->begin(128, 160, GFX_COLOR_16M))  
{  
    Serial.println("Display not found!");  
}  
gfx->fillScreen(LV_COLOR_BLACK);  
  
#ifdef GFX_BL  
pinMode(GFX_BL, OUTPUT);  
digitalWrite(GFX_BL, LOW);  
#endif  
  
// Test touch
```

Done uploading.

Writing at 0x00073f85... (68 %)
Writing at 0x00079486... (72 %)
Writing at 0x0007e9f3... (77 %)
Writing at 0x0008671f... (81 %)
Writing at 0x0008f4cb... (86 %)
Writing at 0x00094f44... (90 %)
Writing at 0x0009a575... (95 %)
Writing at 0x000a0104... (100 %)
Wrote 599056 bytes (349849 compressed) at 0x00010000 in 4.2 seconds (effective 1135.6 kbit/s)...
Hash of data verified.

Library Manager

Type: All Topic: All **arduino_gfx**

Adafruit_GFX and FastLED compatible library for ArduinoOnPC Raspberry Pi RGBPanel Driver. Designed to work with <https://github.com/marcmerlin/ArduinoOnPC-FastLED-GFX-LEDMatrix>

More info Install

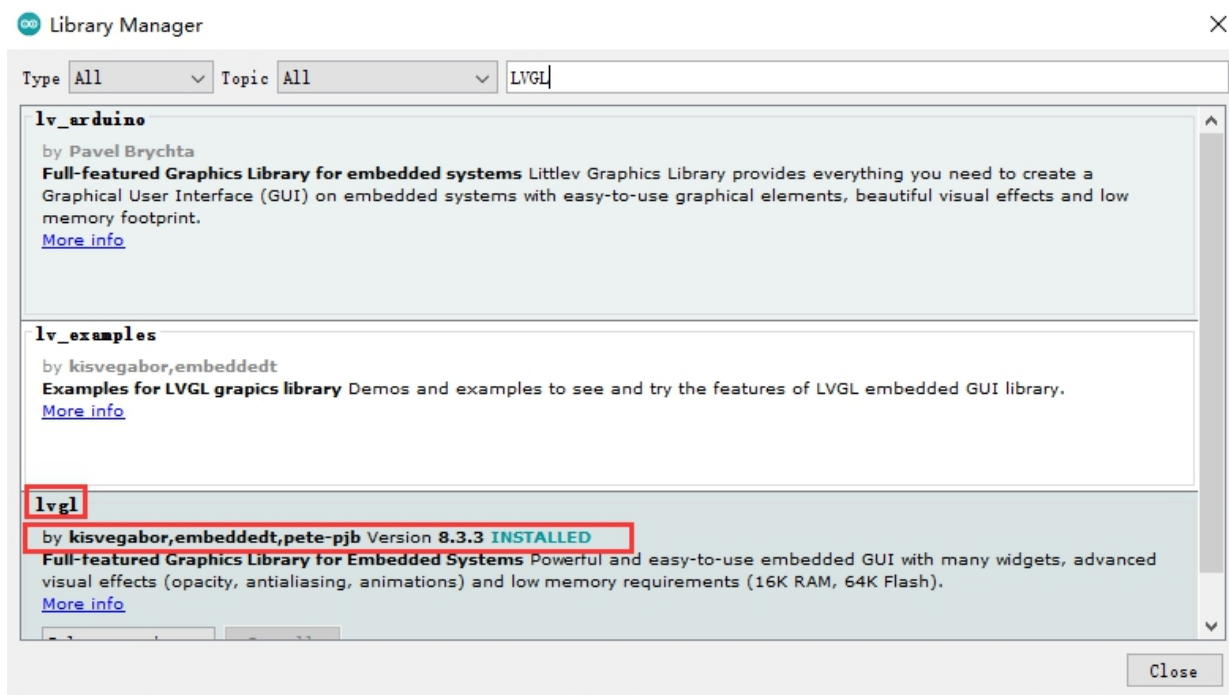
FastLED_TFTWrapper_GFX
by Marc MERLIN
Adafruit_GFX and FastLED compatible library for ArduinoOnPC X11 TFT Emulator Designed to work with <https://github.com/marcmerlin/ArduinoOnPC-FastLED-GFX-LEDMatrix>

GFX Library for Arduino
by Moon On Our Nation Version: **1.4.4 INSTALLED**

Arduino_GFX is a GFX library for various color displays with various data bus interfaces Arduino_GFX is a Arduino graphics library. Currently support GC9A01 round display, GC9106, GC9107, HX8347C, HX8347D, HX8352C, HX8357A, HX8357B, HX8369A, ILI6122, ILI9225, ILI9331, ILI9341, ILI9342(M5Stack, ESP32-S3-BOX), ILI9481, ILI9486, ILI9488, ILI9806, JBT6K71, NT35310, NT35510, NT39125, NV3041A, OTM8009A, R61529, RM67162, SEPS525, SSD1283A, SSD1331, SSD1351, ST7735, ST7789, ST7796 and virtually all Raspberry Pi DPI (RGB) display. Tested RGB display: GC9503V, ILI6485, ST7262, ST7701. Currently support software SPI (8-bit and 9-bit), hardware SPI (8-bit, ESP32 also support 9-bit), 8-bit parallel interface(AVR, ESP32, RPI Pico, RTL8720, STM32), 16-bit parallel interface(ESP32 and RPI Pico) and RGB Panel interface(RGB3325).

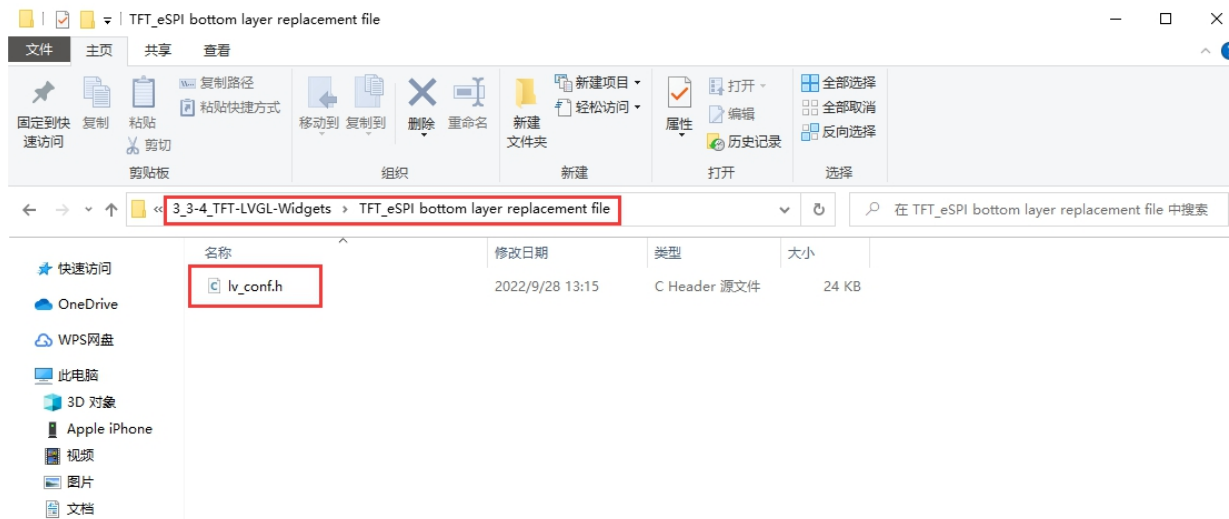
Close

Two -Lvgl



Copy the lv_conf.h of the data center .

As shown:



Put this file under the arduino library file, it must be in the same root directory as the library TFT_eSPI .

As shown:



←

→

↶

↷

此电脑 > OS (C:) > 用户 > zhang'pei > 文档 > Arduino > libraries

↻

在 libraries 中搜索

快速访问

OneDrive

WPS网盘

此电脑

3D 对象

视频

图片

文档

下载

音乐

桌面

OS (C:)

software (D:)

资料盘 (E:)

共享文件(192.168.1.1)

网络

| 名称 | 修改日期 | 类型 | 大小 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|
| Adafruit_I2C54723 | 2022/6/27 12:00 | 文件夹 | |
| Adafruit_Unified_Sensor | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| ArduinoJson | 2022/7/6 9:23 | 文件夹 | |
| AsyncTCP | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| Audio | 2022/6/28 17:44 | 文件夹 | |
| DallasTemperature | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| DHT_sensor_library | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| DHT_sensor_library_for_ESPx | 2022/6/25 10:23 | 文件夹 | |
| ESP32Servo | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| ESPAsyncWebServer | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| FastLED | 2022/7/6 9:23 | 文件夹 | |
| GFX_Library_for_Arduino | 2022/8/9 18:08 | 文件夹 | |
| gt911-arduino-main | 2022/8/17 10:21 | 文件夹 | |
| GT911-master | 2022/8/15 15:10 | 文件夹 | |
| IRremote | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| JPEGDecoder | 2022/6/28 13:49 | 文件夹 | |
| LiquidCrystal_I2C | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| LovyanGFX | 2022/7/31 14:05 | 文件夹 | |
| lvgl | 2022/3/4 10:31 | 文件夹 | |
| MFRC522 | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| OneWire | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| PNGdec | 2022/6/28 10:48 | 文件夹 | |
| Rtc_by_Makuna | 2022/6/27 12:06 | 文件夹 | |
| TFT_eSPI | 2022/8/16 12:46 | 文件夹 | |
| TFT_Touch-master | 2022/8/1 12:16 | 文件夹 | |
| Time | 2022/7/6 9:23 | 文件夹 | |
| TJpg_Decoder | 2022/8/3 14:25 | 文件夹 | |
| Touch_test | 2022/8/1 12:12 | 文件夹 | |
| TP_Arduino_DigitalRain_Anim-main | 2022/7/31 13:13 | 文件夹 | |
| XPT2046_Touchscreen | 2022/7/17 18:09 | 文件夹 | |
| XT_DAC_Audio | 2022/7/2 17:12 | 文件夹 | |
| lv_arduino.rar | 2022/7/21 14:20 | 360压缩 RAR 文件 | 6,740 KB |
| lv_conf.h | 2022/8/19 17:01 | C Header 源文件 | 24 KB |
| readme.txt | 2022/6/15 15:12 | 文本文档 | 1 KB |

After compiling, you can run LVGL and touch normally.